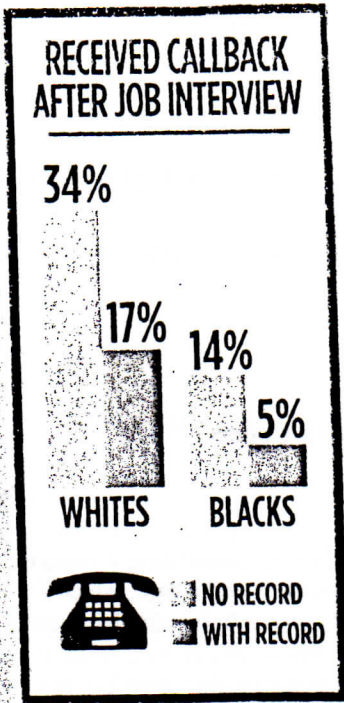


People released from prisons are denied:
 -Section 8 housing
 -public assistance
 -food stamps
 -many student loans
 -professional licenses
 and are vulnerable to:
 -homelessness
 -unemployment
 -debtor's prison
 -a lifelong underclass



BY THE NUMBERS
 More than 19,000 17-year-olds entered Michigan's adult criminal justice system from 2003 to 2013.

- 48%** had a 10th-grade education or lower.
- 51%** had a substance abuse issue.
- 23%** had received mental health treatment.
- 58%** had no prior juvenile record.

SOURCE: Michigan Council on Crime and Delinquency

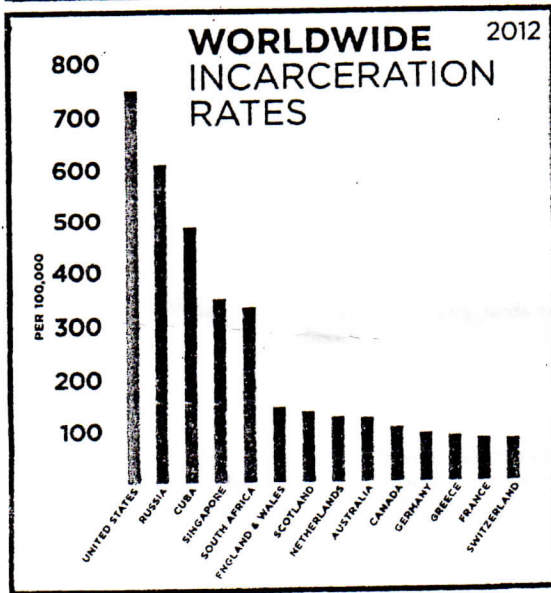
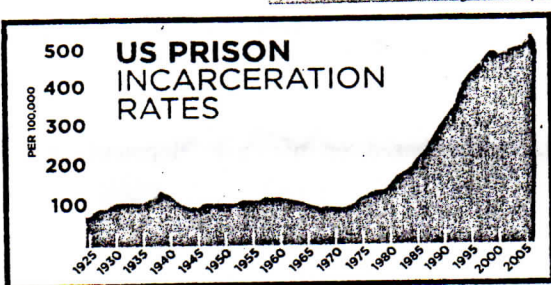
TROUBLED HOMES
 A study of youth in adult prison from 1985-2004 found:

- 81%** had parents with substance abuse issues.
- 78%** had a friend who was killed.
- 78%** lived in a single-mother household.
- 48%** had a family member killed.
- 45%** had a father in prison.
- 44%** spent time in child welfare or foster care.

SOURCE: University of Michigan

90% of companies are using criminal background checks in hiring decisions.

The majority of illegal drug users and dealers are white, but 75% of people imprisoned for drug offenses have been black or Latino.



About 1/2 million people were in prison or jail for drug offenses in 2012, a 1,100% increase from 1980.

65 million people in the United States have criminal records.

Sources: National Employment Law Project; Bureau of Justice Statistics; National Urban League; The Sentencing Project